



Audit Strategy and Completion Report Hyndburn Borough Council – Year ended 31 March 2024

February 2025

Audit committee

Hyndburn Borough Council

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24 February 2025

Dear Audit Committee Members,

Audit Strategy and Completion Report – Year ended 31 March 2024

We are pleased to present our Audit Strategy and Completion Report for Hyndburn Borough Council for the year ended 31 March 2024. The purpose of this document is to summarise our audit and to explain how the statutory backstop arrangements introduced by the Accounts and Audit (Amendment) Regulations 2024, have affected the completion of our work and the reporting consequences. We consider two-way communication with you to be key to a successful audit and particularly important in the context of the backstop arrangements as it facilitates:

- reaching a mutual understanding of the scope of the audit and the responsibilities of each of us;
- sharing information to assist each of us to fulfil our respective responsibilities; and
- providing you with constructive observations arising from the audit process even though this has been curtailed by the backstopped arrangements.

We would usually report the results of our planning work, including the significant risks identified and our planned procedures, in our Audit Strategy Memorandum. The results of our audit, including significant matters identified would usually be reported to you in our Audit Completion Report. As a result of the backstop arrangements, we have determined that the most appropriate way to communicate each of the matters required under auditing standards, in this single Audit Strategy and Completion Report.

As it is a fundamental requirement that an auditor is, and is seen to be, independent of audited bodies, section 8 of this document summarises our considerations and conclusions on our independence as auditors.

We will continue to work closely with you and management to take the necessary steps to rebuild assurance over future accounting periods. We will report further details to you on the rebuilding process in the coming months. In line with the guidance issued by the National Audit Office, as endorsed by the Financial Reporting Council, we hope to return to a standard audit cycle where we are able to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence in order to issue an unmodified audit opinion in as short a period as practicable.

I would like to express our thanks for the assistance of your team during the course of our audit. If you would like to discuss any matters in more detail then please do not hesitate to contact me on [KAP phone number].

Yours faithfully

Daniel Watson

Forvis Mazars LLP

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Our reports are prepared in the context of the 'Statement of Responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies' and the 'Appointing Person Terms of Appointment' issued by Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited. Reports and letters prepared by appointed auditors and addressed to the Council are prepared for the sole use of the Council and we take no responsibility to any member or officer in their individual capacity or to any third party.

01

Our audit and the implications of the statutory backstop

Our audit and the implications of the statutory backstop

We are appointed to perform the external audit of Hyndburn Borough Council (the Council) for the year to 31 March 2024. The scope of our engagement is set out in the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies, issued by Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA) available from the PSAA website: <https://www.psaa.co.uk/managing-audit-quality/statement-of-responsibilities-of-auditors-and-audited-bodies/>.

Our audit of the financial statements

The detailed scope of our work as your appointed auditor for 2023/24 is set out in the National Audit Office's (NAO) Code of Audit Practice ('the Code'). Our responsibilities and powers are derived from the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 ("the 2014 Act").

We are appointed to audit the financial statements in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK), and under normal circumstances our objectives would be to form and express an opinion on whether the financial statements present a true and fair view of the Council's financial affairs for the year and whether they have been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting.

Government has recently introduced measures intended to resolve the local government financial reporting backlog. Amendments to the Accounts and Audit Regulations require the Council to publish its audited 2023/24 financial statements and accompanying information on or before 28th February 2025. In accordance with the Code, we are required to provide our audit report on those financial statements in sufficient time to enable the Council to meet these responsibilities, whether the audit is completed or not.

As a result of the backstop arrangements and delays in completing prior year audits, we have determined that there is insufficient time to complete our audit procedures so as to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence, and, in our view, the effects of the resulting lack of evidence is pervasive to the financial statements as a whole. As a result, we intend to issue a disclaimer of opinion on the Council's financial statements. We have included our proposed audit report in Appendix B. When an opinion is disclaimed the auditor does not express an opinion on the financial statements and, consequently, no assurance is provided on the financial statements. Members will note that the form and content of this report differs substantially from the report which they will have seen in previous years. We provide more details on this in section 5.

Further information on the procedures we have undertaken in order to issue a disclaimer of opinion in advance of the backstop date is provided in section 3.

Responsibilities in respect of fraud and internal control

The responsibility for safeguarding assets and for the prevention and detection of fraud, error and non-compliance with law or regulations rests with both Those Charged With Governance and management. This includes establishing and maintaining internal controls over compliance with relevant laws and regulations, and the reliability of financial reporting. As part of our audit procedures in relation to fraud we are required to inquire of Those Charged with Governance and including key management as to their knowledge of instances of fraud, the risk of fraud and their views on internal controls that mitigate the fraud risks.

Management is also responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Despite our intention to issue a disclaimer of opinion, where matters come to our attention through the course of our audit, we may be required to report these to you. Section 5 sets out any internal control recommendations we have made and any misstatements identified in the draft financial statements and how these have been addressed by management.

Wider reporting and electors' rights

The 2014 Act requires us to give an elector, or any representative of the elector, the opportunity to question us about the accounts of the Council and consider objections made to the accounts. We also have a broad range of reporting responsibilities and powers under the 2014 Act.

We have received no formal questions or objections in respect of Hyndburn Borough Council's 2023/24 financial statements.

Our audit and the implications of the statutory backstop

Value for Money arrangements

The amendments to the Accounts and Audit Regulations do not affect our responsibilities in relation to the Council's Value for Money arrangements. We are responsible for forming a view on the arrangements that the Council has in place to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. We discuss our approach to Value for Money work and our findings further in section 6 of this report.

Whole of Government Accounts

As a result of the backstop arrangements and our intention to issue a disclaimer of opinion on the Council's financial statements, we anticipate reporting to the NAO that we are unable to complete the mandatory audit procedures specified in their Group Audit Instructions. We are awaiting confirmation of when and how this should be reported to the NAO.

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Your audit team

Your audit team



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Our audit approach

Our audit approach

Audit scope

Our audit approach is designed to provide an audit that complies with all professional requirements. Our audit of the financial statements has been conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK), relevant ethical and professional standards, our own audit approach and in accordance with the terms of our engagement. We have also had regard to the Local Audit Reset and Recovery Implementation Guidance ('LARRIG') issued by the National Audit Office and endorsed by the Financial Reporting Council in delivering our audit in the context of the backstop arrangements introduced by the 2024 amendments to the Accounts and Audit Regulations.

Our approach to the audit of the financial statements

In the absence of the backstop arrangements, our audit would be risk-based and primarily driven by the issues that we consider lead to a higher risk of material misstatement of the accounts. After completing our detailed risk assessment work and developing our audit strategy, we would design and complete audit procedures in response to the risks identified.

The conditions created by the imposition of the backstop arrangements mean that we have not carried out all of the work necessary to issue a detailed audit plan and to complete all the required audit procedures to provide an opinion on the financial statements. The approach we have taken to carrying out the Council's audit has been designed so that we can comply with International Standards on Auditing (UK) and issue our audit report to allow the Council to meet the backstop date of 28th February 2025 for publishing the financial statements and other relevant information.

We summarise below, the work we have undertaken to inform our audit strategy and our determination that it is necessary to issue a disclaimer of opinion on the Council's financial statements. As we have not completed all our planning procedures, including all risk assessment work, we do not include a summary of significant and enhanced risks as part of this report.

Area of the audit	Summary of our procedures
Acceptance and continuance	<p>We have carried out all acceptance and continuance procedures including consideration of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The financial reporting framework adopted by the Council and the existence of any unusual or controversial accounting policies• The form, timing and expected content of our communication with Those Charged with Governance• Any actual or potential threats to our independence• The existence of any other factors that indicate we should not continue as the Council's auditor
Understanding the entity	<p>We have carried out audit procedures to understand and document our understanding of the Council across a range of areas, including but not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The Council's structure, including its wider group• Key accounting policies• Accounting estimates• The use of experts
Control environment assessment	<p>We have documented our consideration of the Council's control environment. We carry out this work to inform both our work on the financial statements and as an element of our Value for Money arrangements risk assessment work.</p>

Our audit approach

Area of the audit	Summary of our procedures
Fraud	We have carried out work on identifying potential fraud risks and made specific inquiries of management and Those Charged with Governance in respect of actual, potential or suspected fraud.
Materiality	We have considered the application of materiality for the audit of the Council's financial statements. Further details on the materiality thresholds determined, is included later in this section of our report.
Laws and regulations	We have obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework applicable to the Council and made specific inquiries with management and Those Charged with Governance in respect of any instances of noncompliance with laws and regulations.
Written representations	We have requested certain written representations from management in accordance with ISA (UK) 580. The draft management letter of representation is provided in Appendix A.
Completion, review and reporting	<p>We have undertaken sufficient review procedures to ensure our audit complies with the requirements of ISA (UK) 230. This includes specific work to document our consideration of the implications of the backstop arrangements on our audit and the reporting implications.</p> <p>We have also considered whether any matters have come to our attention that we deem should be reported to Those Charged with Governance or that may be relevant to our auditor's report. Such matters may include misstatements identified in the draft financial statements or internal control recommendations.</p> <p>As we intend to issue a disclaimer of opinion, additional quality and risk management processes have also been followed.</p>

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Materiality

Materiality

Definitions

Materiality is an expression of the relative significance or importance of a particular matter in the context of the financial statements as a whole.

Misstatements in the financial statements are considered to be material if they could, individually or in aggregate, reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users based on the financial statements.

Our approach to determining materiality

Although we intend to issue a disclaimer of opinion on the financial statements as a result of the backstop arrangements, we are required to determine materiality and communicate this to the Audit Committee.

We determine materiality for the financial statements as a whole (overall materiality) using a benchmark that, in our professional judgement, is most appropriate to entity. We also determine an amount less than materiality (performance materiality), which is applied when we carry out our audit procedures and is designed to reduce to an appropriately low level the probability that the aggregate of uncorrected and undetected misstatements exceeds overall materiality. Further, we set a threshold above which all misstatements we identify during our audit (adjusted and unadjusted) will be reported to the Audit Committee.

Judgements on materiality are made in light of surrounding circumstances and are affected by the size and nature of a misstatement, or a combination of both. Judgements about materiality are based on a consideration of the common financial information needs of users as a group and not on specific individual users.

An assessment of what is material is a matter of professional judgement and is affected by our perception of the financial information needs of the users of the financial statements. In making our assessment we assume that users:

- Have a reasonable knowledge of business, economic activities, and accounts;
- Have a willingness to study the information in the financial statements with reasonable diligence;
- Understand that financial statements are prepared, presented, and audited to levels of materiality;
- Recognise the uncertainties inherent in the measurement of amounts based on the use of estimates, judgement, and consideration of future events; and
- Will make reasonable economic decisions based on the information in the financial statements.

We consider overall materiality and performance materiality while planning and performing our audit based on quantitative and qualitative factors. When planning our audit, we make judgements about the size of misstatements we consider to be material.

The overall materiality and performance materiality that we determine does not necessarily mean that uncorrected misstatements that are below materiality, individually or in aggregate, will be considered immaterial.

We revise materiality as our audit progresses should we become aware of information that would have caused us to determine a different amount had we been aware of that information at the planning stage.

Materiality

Our approach to determining materiality (continued)

We consider that Gross Revenue Expenditure is the key focus of users of the financial statements and, as such, we base our materiality levels around this benchmark.

We have set a materiality threshold of 2% of Gross Revenue Expenditure.

As set out in the table below, based on draft financial statements overall materiality for the year ended 31 March 2024 is £0.980m (£1.080m in the prior year), and performance materiality is £0.590m (£0.610m in the prior year).

	2022/23 £'000s	2023/24 £'000s
Overall materiality	£1,020	£980
Performance materiality	£610	£590
Clearly trivial	£31	£30
Specific materiality - Officer remuneration bandings	£5	£5

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Significant findings

Significant findings

Background and modification of the audit opinion

As a result of the backstop arrangements, we have not been able to complete sufficient audit procedures to enable us to provide an unmodified opinion on the Council's financial statements. As we have determined that the effects, or potential effects on the financial statements of the lack of sufficient appropriate evidence are pervasive, we will be issuing a disclaimer of opinion. This means we are expressing no opinion on the financial statements.

Appendix B sets out our draft audit report which explains the basis of our disclaimer of opinion being the introduction of the backstop arrangements which require the Council to publish its audited 2023/24 financial statements by 28th February 2025.

Members will note that the draft audit report does not report on other matters that would usually appear in an unmodified audit report. These include:

- the use of the going concern assumption in the preparation of the financial statements; and
- the consistency of the other information presented with the financial statements.

Although we are disclaiming our audit opinion, auditing standards require us to report matters to you that have come to our attention during the course of our audit, which we include in this section of this report.

Wider responsibilities

Our powers and responsibilities under the 2014 Act are broad and include the ability to:

- issue a report in the public interest;
- make statutory recommendations that must be considered and responded to publicly;
- apply to the court for a declaration that an item of account is contrary to law; and
- issue an advisory notice under schedule 8 of the 2014 Act.

We have not exercised any of these powers as part of our 2023/24 audit.

The 2014 Act also gives rights to local electors and other parties, such as the right to ask questions of the auditor and the right to make an objection to an item of account.

No such objections have been received.

Significant matters discussed with management

During our audit we communicated the following significant matters to management:

- Delays in the production of draft accounts supported by appropriate working papers
- Implications of the backstop arrangements

As part of our audit, we sought and obtained information from management in relation to actual or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations, and any actual or suspected fraud which could materially impact upon the financial statements.

Based on our review of the information received, we have no matters to report in relation to fraud and the Council's compliance with laws and regulations. We have not undertaken any further work in these areas and do not provide any assurance that the financial statements are free from material error .

Significant difficulties during the audit

We have reported to the Audit Committee previously that we have experienced significant difficulties when carrying out our audit work. These issues began with the delay in the predecessor auditor issuing their opinion on the Council's 2019/20 accounts. This delay coupled with issues in the subsequent years' accounts relating poor quality working papers and to significant turnover of staff, with the consequential loss of corporate knowledge significantly impact our ability to complete audit work on the outstanding years. The turnover of staff also significantly impacted on the Council's ability to produce draft accounts, causing delays in publishing the 2023/24 accounts.

Our observations on internal control

As part of our planning procedures, we obtained an understanding of Council's internal control environment and control activities relevant to the preparation of the financial statements, which was sufficient to inform our audit strategy. Although our audit was not designed to express an opinion on the effectiveness of Council's internal controls, we are required to evaluate any deficiencies in internal control that come to our attention, even though we intend to issue a disclaimer of opinion.

A deficiency in internal control exists if:

- a control is designed, implemented, or operated in such a way that it is unable to prevent, detect, and/ or correct potential misstatements in the financial statements; or
- a necessary control to prevent, detect, and/ or correct misstatements in the financial statements on a timely basis is missing.

The matters reported in this section of our report are limited to those deficiencies and other control recommendations that we have identified through the audit procedures we were able to complete before the backstop date. If we had performed more extensive procedures on internal control, we might have identified more other matters to report. Our comments in this section should not be regarded as a comprehensive record of all deficiencies that may exist or improvements that could be made.

Significant deficiencies in internal control

A significant deficiency in internal control is one which, in our professional judgement, has the potential for financial loss, damage to reputation, or a loss of information which may have implications on the achievement of business strategic objectives. Our view is that observations categorised as a significant deficiency are of sufficient importance to merit the attention of the Audit Committee.

The significant deficiencies in the Council's internal controls that we have identified as at the date of this report are in set out on the following pages.

Other observations on internal control

We also report to you, our observations on the Council's internal controls where, in our professional judgement, there is a need to strengthen internal control or enhance business efficiency that do not constitute significant deficiencies in internal control but which we view as being important for consideration by management.

Our other internal control observations, as at the date of this report, are set out in this section. These have been reported to management directly and have been included in this report for your information.

Whether internal control observations merit attention by the Audit Committee and/ or management is a matter of professional judgment, taking into account the risk of misstatement that may arise in the financial statements as a result of those observations.

Our observations on internal control

Significant deficiencies in internal control

In our view, the deficiencies in internal control set out in this section result in a potential for financial loss, damage to reputation, or a loss of information. This may have implications for the achievement of business strategic objectives. Our recommendations should be considered for immediate action.

Description of deficiency

Our testing of asset valuations in 2021/22 identified a number of issues where information used in the valuations did not agree to supporting documentation. Discussions with Management confirmed no formal challenge of the valuations had taken place as part of the accounts closedown process.

Potential effects

A lack of appropriate challenge by management can lead to errors in valuations being undetected before asset values are updated.

Recommendation

Management should:

1. Review the valuations process to identify ways of preventing incorrect data being used in valuations; and
2. Complete a review and challenge of information provided by the valuer prior to processing adjustments to the asset register.

Management response

Formal challenge has always taken place. The valuations used to be sent to the Corporate Property Manager who reviewed and verbally challenged any that she felt were inaccurate. However, this process was not documented.

The process since 2020/21 has been for the valuations to be sent to the Corporate Property Manager and Principal Accountant, who both review the valuations for material changes, errors etc but we now challenge via e-mail in order to evidence the challenges.

In 2021/22 the Council experienced issues with the valuer which resulted in delays in receiving the valuations. A new valuer was appointed in 2022/23 and has continued undertaking the Council's valuations in 2023/24 and 2024/25, which have all been a more successful process.

Description of deficiency

Our testing of journals in 2021/22 it was identified that users do not have a financial limit on the posting of journals, and there is no authorisation of journals posted.

Potential effects

Failure to review journal adjustments prior to posting to the ledger increases the risk of errors being undetected in the financial statements.

Recommendation

Management should review the process for posting journals and implement a review process to reduce errors before they are posted.

Management response

Since the implementation of the new system in March 2024, controls are in place which ensure all journals entered into the general ledger are authorised by a senior member of the Finance team

Our observations on internal control

Other deficiencies in internal control

In our view, there is a need to address the deficiencies in internal control set out in this section (which are not deemed to be significant deficiencies) to strengthen internal control or enhance business efficiency. Our recommendations should be actioned by management in the near future.

Description of deficiency

Our walkthrough of the accounts receivable process, in 2021/22, confirmed the daily receipts file is manually input into the system, and checked by the same individual to confirm the upload is complete and accurate. The process does not include sufficient segregation of duties.

Potential effects

A lack of appropriate segregation of duties increases the risk of fraud and error within the financial system.

Recommendation

The check of receipts upload should be reviewed and signed off by a different member of the finance team.

Management response

Since the implementation of the new financial system in March 2024, the daily receipts file is automatically loaded into the system with control checks by the Finance team to ensure the file has imported correctly.

Description of deficiency

In 2021/22 our review of the Council's methodology for calculating its expected credit loss allowance confirmed this is primarily based on historical experience of collection. Since the Code adopted IFRS 9, there is a requirement for the Council to complete a forward look to identify any further changes in circumstance which may impact the credit risk associated with debts owed to the Council.

Potential effects

Without completing an appropriate forward look of the Council's credit risk, there is a risk the Council's debtors may be carried at an inappropriate cost.

Recommendation

The Council should update its review credit loss allowances to be fully compliant with the requirements of the CIPFA Code.

Management response

Following discussions with LG Futures, expected credit losses under IFRS9 is not required for statutory debts, therefore as the majority of the Council's debts are classed as statutory this is not applicable for a significant proportion of the Council's debt.

Our observations on internal control

Other deficiencies in internal control

In our view, there is a need to address the deficiencies in internal control set out in this section (which are not deemed to be significant deficiencies) to strengthen internal control or enhance business efficiency. Our recommendations should be actioned by management in the near future.

Description of deficiency

Our walkthrough of the accounts receivable process, in 2021/22, conformed no formal credit checks were completed before setting up a new customer on the system. While this is not always possible given the nature of the services provided by the Council, customers in receipt of discretionary services should be subject to some form of checks.

Potential effects

A lack of appropriate credit checks increases the Council's exposure to losses through non-payments of debts owed.

Recommendation

The Council should review its procedures for setting up new customers. And determine the appropriate level of credit checks required based on the risk and value of debt with a new customer.

Management response

The majority of the highest value customer transactions relate to other local authorities or Hyndburn Leisure, for which credit checks would not be appropriate. The services now undertake some checks where considered appropriate. A significant amount of Council procurement is undertaken through approved frameworks who undertake due diligence on suppliers approved on their list.

Description of deficiency

Our review of debtor balances, in 2021/22, identified unallocated cash receipts. The balances related to prior periods.

Potential effects

Unreconciled cash receipts increase the risk of balances being inappropriately carried on the balance sheet when they have been settled.

Recommendation

Unallocated cash balances should be reviewed on a regular basis, and longstanding items should be periodically cleared.

Management response

Unallocated balances were reviewed and cleared on moving to the new financial system in March 2024. These balances are now reviewed on a monthly basis and will be fully cleared by the end of each financial year.

Our observations on internal control

Other deficiencies in internal control

In our view, there is a need to address the deficiencies in internal control set out in this section (which are not deemed to be significant deficiencies) to strengthen internal control or enhance business efficiency. Our recommendations should be actioned by management in the near future.

Description of deficiency

In 2021/22 our walkthrough of the accounts payable system confirmed changes to supplier bank details are confirmed through contacting the supplier via existing contact information, however there is no formal documentation to confirm the call has taken place.

Potential effects

Changes to standing supplier data are a key area of potential fraud risks. Without a full audit trail it is difficult to confirm the steps taken by the Council to ensure changes are appropriate.

Recommendation

Changes to supplier bank details should be formally documented and approved prior to updating the accounts payable system.

Management response

Any checks on changes in bank details are now recorded in the new financial system.

Description of deficiency

Our review of the Council's year-end bank reconciliations, in 2021/22, identified a trivial unreconciled differences on the reconciliation for the receipts bank account.

In addition, we noted that while the bank reconciliation is reviewed by a Principal Accountant each month, the review is not formally documented and signed off.

Potential effects

Unreconciled cash receipts increase the risk of balances being inappropriately carried on the balance sheet when they have in fact been settled.

Recommendation

Unallocated cash balances should be reviewed on a regular basis, and longstanding items should be periodically cleared.

Management response

Bank accounts are now reconciled on a daily basis to avoid having small differences. A Principal Accountant reviews the monthly bank reconciliation and now documents this sign off.

Summary of amendments to the financial statements

The Council's Executive Director of Resources authorised the Council's draft financial statements for issue on 30/06/2024.

Although we intend to issue a disclaimer of opinion, we still report any amendments which management have made to the draft financial statements, identified either through the audit procedures that we have undertaken, or separately by management.

This information is provided to the audit committee for information and to support it to discharge its responsibilities. It is important for members to note that, given we are issuing a disclaimer of opinion, we provide no assurance over the material accuracy of the amendments that have been made to the draft financial statements which are summarised in this section.

Amendments to the financial statements

There are no amendments to the financial statements to report.

Unadjusted misstatements

When we issue a disclaimer of opinion as a result of the backstop arrangements, auditing standards require us to consider whether we are aware of any matter that would have otherwise required a modification to our opinion. Such matters may include, for example, material misstatements that have been identified which have not been amended by management in the final financial statements.

We confirm that no such matters have come to our attention.

06

Value for Money arrangements

Value for money arrangements

The framework for Value for Money arrangements work

We are required to form a view as to whether the Council has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. The NAO issues guidance to auditors that underpins the work we are required to carry out in order to form our view and sets out the overall criterion and sub-criteria that we are required to consider.

2023/24 is the fourth audit year where we are undertaking our value for money (VFM) work under the 2020 Code of Audit Practice (the Code). Our responsibility remains to be satisfied that the Council has proper arrangements in place and to report in the audit report and/or the audit completion certificate where we identify significant weaknesses in arrangements. Separately we provide a commentary on the Council's arrangements in the Auditor's Annual Report. The introduction of the backstop arrangements does not alter our responsibilities in relation to Value for Money arrangements work.

Specified reporting criteria

The Code requires us to structure our commentary to report under three specified criteria:

1. **Financial sustainability** – how the Council plans and manages its resources to ensure it can continue to deliver its services;
2. **Governance** – how the Council ensures that it makes informed decisions and properly manages its risks; and
3. **Improving economy, efficiency and effectiveness** – how the Council uses information about its costs and performance to improve the way it manages and delivers its services

Our approach

Our work falls into three primary phases as outlined opposite. We need to gather sufficient evidence to support our commentary on the Council's arrangements and to identify and report on any significant weaknesses in arrangements. Where significant weaknesses are identified we are required to report these to the Council and make recommendations for improvement. Such recommendations can be made at any point during the audit cycle and we are not expected to wait until issuing our overall commentary to do so.

Planning and risk assessment	Obtaining an understanding of the Council's arrangements for each specified reporting criteria. Relevant information sources include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• NAO guidance and supporting information;• information from internal and external sources including regulators;• knowledge from previous audits and other audit work undertaken in the year; and• interviews and discussions with officers and Members.
Additional risk-based procedures and evaluation	Where our planning work identifies risks of significant weaknesses, we will undertake additional procedures to determine whether there is a significant weakness.
Reporting	We will provide a summary of the work we have undertaken and our judgements against each of the specified reporting criteria as part of our commentary on arrangements. This will form part of the Auditor's Annual Report. Our commentary will also highlight: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• significant weaknesses identified and our recommendations for improvement; and• emerging issues or other matters that do not represent significant weaknesses but still require attention from the Council.

Value for money arrangements

Status of our work

Our draft audit report at Appendix B confirms that we have one matter to report in respect of significant weaknesses. As noted above, our commentary on the Council's arrangements will be provided in the Auditor's Annual Report in February 2025.

We have completed our work in respect of the Council's arrangements for the year ended 31 March 2024 and have identified 1 significant weakness in arrangements and have made associated recommendations. We provide further details on the identified significant weaknesses and our recommendations later in this section of our report.

Our draft audit report at Appendix B confirms that we have matters to report in respect of significant weaknesses. As noted above, our commentary on the Council's arrangements will be provided in the Auditor's Annual Report in February 2025.

Our draft audit report at Appendix B confirms that we have not yet completed our work to assess whether there are matters to report in respect of significant weaknesses. As noted above, once our work is complete, our commentary on the Council's arrangements will be provided in the Auditor's Annual Report in February 2025.

Identified risks of significant weaknesses in arrangements

The NAO's guidance requires us to carry out work to understand the Council's arrangements and to identify risks that significant weaknesses in arrangements may exist. The table below outlines the risks of significant weaknesses in arrangements that we have identified to date.

	Risk of significant weakness in arrangements	Financial sustainability	Governance	Improving the 3Es	Planned procedures
1	Governance The prior year value for money conclusion was qualified due to delays in the Council producing draft accounts, and those accounts containing a material error. These matters indicate a risk of weaknesses in proper arrangements for reliable and timely financial reporting that supports the delivery of strategic priorities.	●	●	●	To address this risk we will: <ul style="list-style-type: none">Review the Council's arrangements to produce its financial statements;Review how management engages with, and challenges the information provided by its experts; andDraw on conclusions from the accounts audit to determine whether these highlight any actual weaknesses in arrangements.

Value for Money

Follow up of previously-reported significant weaknesses in arrangements In 2020/21 we reported 1 significant weakness to the Council. As part of our work in 2021/22, we followed up the progress made by the Council against the recommendations made, and determined whether the significant weakness remained during the year.

Significant weakness in arrangements	Financial Sustainability	Governance	Improving the 3Es	Work Undertaken and Conclusions Reached
<p>Weakness in financial reporting</p> <p>In 2020/21 we identified a significant weakness in the Council's arrangements for producing timely and accurate financial reporting information due to delays in the Council producing draft accounts, and those accounts containing a material error. These matters indicate a risk of weaknesses in proper arrangements for reliable and timely financial reporting that supports the delivery of strategic priorities.</p> <p>Additionally, our review of committee papers for 2020/21 confirmed the final financial outturn against budget had not been reported to Members. This is one of the seventeen standards set out in the CIPFA Financial Management Code. The financial statements and outturn reports are key to ensuring the Council, its members, its leadership and the wider public understand how effectively its resources have been utilised during the year.</p> <p>In our view, the totality of the issues identified indicate a significant weakness in relation to the governance reporting criteria, in particular how the Council ensures effective processes and systems are in place to communicate relevant, accurate and timely management information; support its statutory financial reporting requirements; and to ensure corrective action is taken where needed. The issues identified in the 2020/21 audit are also indicative of a lack of progress in addressing the weaknesses identified in the 2019/20 audit.</p>				<p>Work Undertaken</p> <p>The draft accounts were late for submission for public inspection, our discussions identified that there were continued issues around resourcing within the finance team. We have not been able to complete any work to satisfy ourselves that there have been improvements to the weakness reported.</p> <p>Progress against the recommendation</p> <p>The Council has in 2023/24 produced the final financial outturn and reported to Members. Complying with the CIPFA Financial Management Code. There has also been changes within the Finance team to improve the resourcing with the appointment of interim staff, which has had some limited impact. An accounts production timetable is in place and new systems which have contributed to bringing the production of the financial statements closer to the statutory deadline. In 2023/24 they were published by the 30th June 2024, Management developed an action plan following the 2020/21 audit, however due to delays in completion of that audit have only partially implemented this prior to producing the 2023/24 financial statements.</p> <p>Conclusions</p> <p>During 2023/24 there has been further progress, the issues identified indicate a significant weakness in relation to the governance reporting criteria, in particular how the Council ensures effective processes and systems are in place to communicate relevant, accurate and timely management information; support its statutory financial reporting requirements; and to ensure corrective action is taken where needed.</p>

Value for Money - continued

Significant weakness in arrangements	Financial Sustainability	Governance	Improving the 3Es	Work Undertaken and Conclusions Reached
<p>Recommendation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Produce a detailed action plan setting out how it intends to bring its accounts production process in line with the national timescales; • Review the capacity within the Council's finance team to build resilience into the accounts production and financial reporting processes; 1 • Consider the issues raised as part of the 2020/21 audit in order to strengthen the overall control environment surrounding the preparation of the financial statements; and • Ensure the final outturn financial position is reported through the Council's committee structure each year end. This should include a detailed analysis of movements against budget and the associated impact on the Council's financial strategy, in order to allow sufficient scrutiny and challenge by the Council's elected Members and ensure effective public reporting. 		●		

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Confirmation of our independence

Confirmation of our independence

We are committed to independence and confirm that we comply with the FRC's Ethical Standard. In addition, we have set out in this section any matters or relationships we believe may have a bearing on our independence or the objectivity of our audit team.

Based on the information provided by you and our own internal procedures to safeguard our independence as auditors, we confirm that in our professional judgement there are no relationships between us and any of our related or subsidiary entities, and you and your related entities, that create any unacceptable threats to our independence within the regulatory or professional requirements governing us as your auditors.

We have policies and procedures in place that are designed to ensure that we carry out our work with integrity, objectivity, and independence. These policies include:

- All partners and staff are required to complete an annual independence declaration.
- All new partners and staff are required to complete an independence confirmation and complete annual ethical training.
- Rotation policies covering audit engagement partners and other key members of the audit team.
- Use by managers and partners of our client and engagement acceptance system, which requires all non-audit services to be approved in advance by the audit engagement partner.

Prior to the provision of any non-audit services, Daniel Watson will undertake appropriate procedures to consider and fully assess the impact that providing the service may have on our independence as auditor.

We confirm, as at the date of this report, that the engagement team and others in the firm as appropriate are independent and comply with relevant ethical requirements. However, if at any time you have concerns or questions about our integrity, objectivity or independence, please discuss these with Council in the first instance.

Appendices

- A: Draft management representation letter
- B: Draft audit report
- C: Key Communication points
- D: Forthcoming accounting and other issues

Appendix A: Draft management representation letter

Forvis Mazars
One St Peter's Square
Manchester
M2 3DE

February 2025
Dear Daniel Watson,

Hyndburn Borough Council - Audit for Year Ended 31 March 2024

This representation letter is provided in connection with your audit of the financial statements of Hyndburn Borough Council 'the Council' for the year ended 31 March 2024.

Financial Statements

On 5th September 2024 parliament approved the Accounts and Audit (Amendment) Regulations 2024. These Regulations set a publication date for financial statements in respect of 2023/24 of 28th February 2025. The new National Audit Office Code which was approved on 9th September 2024 also requires that where auditors are unable to conclude their work, they should issue either a qualified audit opinion or a disclaimer of opinion by this date, known as the 'statutory backstop date'.

I understand that you intend to issue a disclaimer of opinion in respect of your audit, for reasons outlined in your Audit Findings Report and the Independent Auditors Report. I understand I am still required to provide the representations set out in this letter so you can complete your audit in accordance with relevant auditing standards.

I confirm that the following representations are made on the basis of enquiries of management and staff with relevant knowledge and experience (and, where appropriate, inspection of supporting documentation) sufficient to satisfy ourselves that I can properly make each of the following representations to you.

Appendix A: Draft management representation letter

My responsibility for the financial statements and accounting information

I believe that I have fulfilled my responsibilities for the true and fair presentation and preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the Code, as amended by the Code Update and applicable law.

My responsibility to provide and disclose relevant information

I have provided you with:

- access to all information of which I am aware that is relevant to the preparation of the financial statements such as records, documentation and other material;
- additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit; and
- unrestricted access to individuals within the Council you determined it was necessary to contact in order to obtain audit evidence.

I confirm as Deputy s151 officer that I have taken all the necessary steps to make me aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that you, as auditors, are aware of this information.

As far as I am aware there is no relevant audit information of which you, as auditors, are unaware.

Accounting records

I confirm that all transactions that have a material effect on the financial statements have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements. All other records and related information, including minutes of all Council and committee meetings, have been made available to you.

Accounting policies

I confirm that I have reviewed the accounting policies applied during the year in accordance with International Accounting Standard 8 and consider these policies to faithfully represent the effects of transactions, other events or conditions on the Council's financial position, financial performance and cash flows.

Accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value

I confirm that the methods, significant assumptions and the data used by the Council in making the accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value, are appropriate to achieve recognition, measurement or disclosure that is in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.

Appendix A: Draft management representation letter

Contingencies

There are no material contingent losses including pending or potential litigation that should be accrued where:

- information presently available indicates that it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability had been incurred at the balance sheet date; and
- the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

There are no material contingent losses that should be disclosed where, although either or both the conditions specified above are not met, there is a reasonable possibility that a loss, or a loss greater than that accrued, may have been incurred at the balance sheet date.

There are no contingent gains which should be disclosed.

All material matters, including unasserted claims, that may result in litigation against the Council have been brought to your attention. All known actual or possible litigation and claims whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements have been disclosed to you and accounted for and disclosed in accordance with the Code, as amended by the Code Update and applicable law.

Laws and regulations

I confirm that I have disclosed to you all those events of which I am aware which involve known or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations, together with the actual or contingent consequences which may arise therefrom.

Appendix A: Draft management representation letter

The Council has complied with all aspects of contractual agreements that would have a material effect on the accounts in the event of non-compliance.

Fraud and error

I acknowledge my responsibility as Deputy s151 Officer for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control to prevent and detect fraud and error and I believe I have appropriately fulfilled those responsibilities.

I have disclosed to you:

- all the results of my assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud;
- all knowledge of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the Council involving:
- management and those charged with governance;
- employees who have significant roles in internal control; and
- others where fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements.

I have disclosed to you all information in relation to any allegations of fraud, or suspected fraud, affecting the Council's financial statements communicated by employees, former employees, analysts, regulators or others.

Related party transactions

I confirm that all related party relationships, transactions and balances, have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in accordance with the requirements of the Code, as amended by the Code Update and applicable law.

I have disclosed to you the identity of the Council's related parties and all related party relationships and transactions of which I am aware.

Appendix A: Draft management representation letter

Impairment review

To the best of my knowledge, there is nothing to indicate that there is a permanent reduction in the recoverable amount of the property, plant and equipment and intangible assets below their carrying value at the balance sheet date. An impairment review is therefore not considered necessary.

Charges on assets

All the Council's assets are free from any charges exercisable by third parties except as disclosed within the financial statements.

Future commitments

The Council's has no plans, intentions or commitments that may materially affect the carrying value or classification of assets and liabilities or give rise to additional liabilities.

Subsequent events

I confirm all events subsequent to the date of the financial statements and for which the Code, as amended by the Code Update and applicable law, require adjustment or disclosure have been adjusted or disclosed.

Should further material events occur after the date of this letter which may necessitate revision of the figures included in the financial statements or inclusion of a note thereto, I will advise you accordingly.

Impacts of Russian Forces entering Ukraine

I confirm that I have carried out an assessment of the potential impact of Russian Forces entering Ukraine on the Council's including the impact of mitigation measures and uncertainties, and that the disclosure in the Annual Report and the subsequent events note 7 to the financial statements fairly reflects that assessment.

Appendix A: Draft management representation letter

Going concern

To the best of my knowledge there is nothing to indicate that the Council's will not continue as a going concern in the foreseeable future. The period to which I have paid particular attention in assessing the appropriateness of the going concern basis is not less than twelve months from the date of approval of the accounts.

Annual Governance Statement

I am satisfied that the Annual Governance Statement (AGS) fairly reflects the Council's risk assurance and governance framework and I confirm that I am not aware of any significant risks that are not disclosed within the AGS.

Narrative Report

The disclosures within the Narrative Report fairly reflect my understanding of the Council's financial and operating performance over the period covered by the financial statements.

Arrangements to achieve economy, effectiveness and efficiency in Use of Resources (Value for Money arrangements)

I confirm that I have disclosed to you all findings and correspondence from regulators for previous and ongoing inspections of which I am aware. In addition, I have disclosed to you any other information that would be considered relevant to your work on value for money arrangements.

Yours faithfully,

Deputy s151 officer

Appendix B: Draft audit report subject to consultation

Independent auditor's report to the members of Hyndburn Borough Council

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Disclaimer of opinion on the financial statements

We were appointed to audit the financial statements of Hyndburn Borough Council ("the Council) for the year ended 31 March 2024, which comprise the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement, the Movement in Reserves Statement, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement, and Collection Fund statement and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2023/24.

We do not express an opinion on the financial statements. Because of the significance of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section of our report, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these financial statements.

Basis for disclaimer of opinion

On 30 September 2024, the Accounts and Audit (Amendment) Regulations 2024 ('The Amendment Regulations') came into force. The Amendment Regulations require the Council to publish its Accountability Statements, which include the financial statements and auditor's opinion for the year ended 31 March 2024, by 28th February 2025 ('the backstop date').

The backstop date introduced by the Amendment Regulations has impeded our ability to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence upon which to form an opinion on the financial statements as there has been insufficient time to perform all necessary audit procedures.

Responsibilities of the Executive Director of Resources for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of Responsibilities, the Executive Director of Resources is responsible for the preparation of the Statement of Accounts, which includes the financial statements, in accordance with proper practices as set out in the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2023/24, and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The Executive Director of Resources is also responsible for such internal control as the Executive Director of Resources determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The Executive Director of Resources is required to comply with the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2023/24 and prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis on the assumption that the functions of the Council will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The Executive Director of Resources is responsible for assessing each year whether or not it is appropriate for the Council to prepare its accounts on the going concern basis and disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern.

Appendix B: Draft audit report subject to consultation

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to conduct an audit of the Council's financial statements in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) and to issue an auditor's report. However, because of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section of our report, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these financial statements. In reaching this judgement we have complied with the requirements of the Code of Audit Practice and have had regard to the Local Audit Reset and Recovery Implementation Guidance published by the National Audit Office and endorsed by the Financial Reporting Council.

We are independent of the Council in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Appendix B: Draft audit report subject to consultation

Report on the Council's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency, and effectiveness in its use of resources

Matter on which we are required to report by exception

We are required to report to you if, in our view we are not satisfied that the Council has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources for the year ended 31 March 2024.

In August 2023 our audit of the 2020/21 financial statements identified a significant weakness in relation to financial reporting. In our view this significant weakness remains for the year ended 31 March 2024:

Significant weakness in arrangements – Issued in a previous year	Recommendation
<p>Weaknesses in financial reporting.</p> <p>The Council was late in placing its draft financial statements on deposit for public inspection in 20/22/23 and in 2023/24. In addition, the Audit Completion Report highlighted a lack of appropriate challenge over work produced by management experts, the poor quality of the draft financial statements and significant difficulties encountered during the audit because of problems with associated working papers and the underlying records.</p> <p>In our view, this is evidence of a significant weakness in the Council's governance arrangements.</p>	<p>The Council should:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Continue to implement a detailed action plan to bring its accounts production process in line with the national timescales;Review the capacity within the Council's finance team to build resilience into the accounts production and financial reporting processes; andConsider the issues raised as part of the 2020/21 audit in order to strengthen the overall control environment surrounding the preparation of the financial statements.

Appendix B: Draft audit report subject to consultation

Responsibilities of the Council

The Council is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency, and effectiveness in its use of resources, to ensure proper stewardship and governance, and to review regularly the adequacy and effectiveness of these arrangements.

Auditor's responsibilities for the review of arrangements for securing economy, efficiency, and effectiveness in the use of resources

We are required under Section 20(1)(c) of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 to satisfy ourselves that the Council has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency, and effectiveness in its use of resources.

We are not required to consider, nor have we considered, whether all aspects of the Council's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency, and effectiveness in its use of resources are operating effectively.

We have undertaken our work in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice, having regard to the guidance issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General in November 2024.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception under the Code of Audit Practice

We are required by the Code of Audit Practice to report to you if:

- we issue a report in the public interest under section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014;
- we make a recommendation under section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014; or
- we exercise any other special powers of the auditor under sections 28, 29 or 31 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

We are also required by the Code of Audit Practice, to give an opinion on whether other information published together with the audited financial statements, is consistent with the financial statements. Because of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section we do not express an opinion on the financial statements. We also do not express an opinion on whether other information published together with the audited financial statements is consistent with the financial statements.

Appendix B: Draft audit report subject to consultation

Use of the audit report

This report is made solely to the members of Hyndburn Borough Council, as a body, in accordance with part 5 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 and as set out in paragraph 44 of the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies published by Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the members of the Council those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the members of the Council, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Delay in certification of completion of the audit

We cannot formally conclude the audit and issue an audit certificate until the National Audit Office has communicated the work we are required to undertake as component auditors for the Whole of Government Accounts.

Daniel Watson, Key Audit Partner
For and on behalf of Forvis Mazars LLP

Forvis Mazars

One St Peter's Square

Manchester

M2 3DE

28th February 2025

Appendix C: Key communication points

We value communication with the Audit Committee as a two way feedback process at the heart of our client service commitment. ISA (UK) 260 *Communication with Those Charged with Governance* and ISA (UK) 265 *Communicating Deficiencies In Internal Control To Those Charged With Governance And Management* specifically require us to communicate a number of points with you.

Relevant points that need to be communicated with you at each stage of the audit are outlined below.

- Significant findings from the audit including any significant matters discussed with management and significant difficulties, if any, encountered during the audit;
- Summary of misstatements and other corrections made to the draft financial statements;
- Management representation letter; and
- Our proposed draft audit report.

Form, timing and content of our communications

We will present the following reports:

- Our Audit Strategy and Completion Report; and
- Our Auditor's Annual Report

These documents will be discussed with management prior to being presented to yourselves and their comments will be incorporated as appropriate. We have taken the decision to report to you all of the matters which we would usually report in our Audit Strategy Memorandum and Audit Completion Report, within this single Audit Strategy and Completion Report given the nature of the backstop arrangements and the impact upon our audit.

Key communication points at the planning and completion stage of our audit communicated our Audit Strategy and Completion Report

- Our responsibilities in relation to the audit of the financial statements;
- The planned scope and timing of the audit and the effects of the backstop arrangements;
- Our commitment to independence;
- Responsibilities for preventing and detecting errors;
- Materiality and misstatements;
- Fees for audit and other services.
- Significant deficiencies in internal control;

Appendix D: Forthcoming accounting & other issues

New standards and amendments

The information provided on this page outlines forthcoming amendments to existing IFRS and the issuance of new standards. How these are adopted and adapted into the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting is yet to be determined and is subject to the approval of the Financial Reporting Advisory Board (FRAB).

Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (Issued January 2020), Deferral of Effective Date (Issued July 2020) and Non-current Liabilities with Covenants (Issued October 2022)

The January 2020 amendments clarify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current in IAS 1 by providing clarification surrounding: when to assess classification; understanding what is an 'unconditional right'; whether to determine classification based on an entity's right versus discretion and expectation; and dealing with settlements after the reporting date.

The October 2022 amendments specify how covenants should be taken into account in the classification of a liability as current or non-current. Only covenants with which an entity is required to comply with by the reporting date affect the classification as current or non-current. Classification is not therefore affected if the right to defer settlement of a liability for at least 12 months is subject to compliance with covenants at a date after the reporting date. These amendments also clarify the disclosures about the nature of covenants, so that users of financial statements can assess the risk that non-current debts accompanied by covenants may become repayable within 12 months.

Amendments to IAS 16 Leases: Lease Liability in Sale and Leaseback (Issued September 2022)

The amendments include additional requirements to explain how to subsequently measure the lease liability in a sale and leaseback transaction, specifically how to include variable lease payments.

For further information, please refer to our blog article: [Amendments to IFRS 16 Leases – Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback](#)

Amendments to IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows and IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures: Supplier Finance Arrangements (Issued May 2023)

The amendments introduce changes to the disclosure requirements around supplier finance arrangements with the intention of providing more detailed information to help users analyse and understand the effects of such arrangements.

The amendments provide an overarching disclosure objective to ensure that users of financial statements are able to assess the effects of such arrangements on an entity's liabilities and cash flows, as well as some additional disclosure requirements relating to the specific terms and conditions of the arrangement, quantitative information about changes in financial liabilities that are part of the supplier financing arrangement, and about an entity's exposure to liquidity risk.

For further information, please refer to our blog article: [IASB publishes final amendments on supplier finance arrangements](#)

Appendix D: Forthcoming accounting & other issues

New standards and amendments (continued)

Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and IFRS Practice Statement 2 Making Materiality Judgements: Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Issued February 2021)

The amendments set out new requirements for material accounting policy information to be disclosed, rather than significant accounting policies. Immaterial accounting policy information should not be disclosed as accounting policy information taken in isolation is unlikely to be material, but it is when the information is considered together with other information in the financial statements that may make it material.

Amendments to IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors: Definition of Accounting Estimates (Issued February 2021)

The amendment introduces a new definition for accounting estimates and clarifies how entities should distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. The distinction is important because changes in accounting estimates are applied prospectively only to future transactions and other future events, but changes in accounting policies are generally applied retrospectively to past transactions and other past events.

IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts (issued May 2017) and Amendments to IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts (Issued June 2020)

IFRS 17 is a new standard that will replace IFRS 4 *Insurance Contracts* (IFRS 4). The standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure about insurance contracts issued, and reinsurance contracts held, by entities.

Amendments to IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts: Initial Application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Issued December 2021)

The amendments address potential mismatches between the measurement of financial assets and insurance liabilities in the comparative period because of different transitional requirements in IFRS 9 and IFRS 17. The amendments introduce a classification overlay under which a financial asset is permitted to be presented in the comparative period as if the classification and measurement requirements of IFRS 9 had been applied to that financial asset in the comparative period. The classification overlay can be applied on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Contact

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